

DAY 2

# THE CHEMUN CHATTER

FORUM: Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)

QUESTION OF: Addressing the issue of mistreatment of prisoners and re-evaluating prison practices.

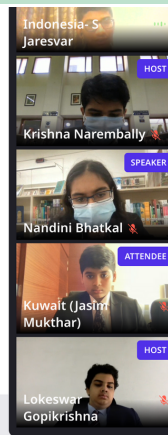
SUBMITTED BY: Finland

CO-SUBMITTERS: Nigeria,

SIGNED BY: Nigeria, USA, Spain, South Korea, France, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, South Sudan, Kuwait, Ghana, Afghanistan.

*Commends* states such as Norway and Finland that have humane and rehabilitative penal institutions,

*Concerned* that prison-industrial complexes exist, notably in the US, and are influential over



6. Implores the creation of a specialized police force that solely deals in matters related to child marriage named Rapid Response to Child Marriage (RRCM) teams in order to rescue children from abusive spouses, and provide them with resources such as:
  - a. dedicated telephone lines,
  - b. required transportation to ensure rapid response,
  - c. funding is overseen by the UNFPA in order to provide the required training and equipment;
7. Further recommends the establishment of a fund that aids for families in lower economic conditions with no financial stability who will be determined by the UN in ways such as but not limited to:
  - a. helping families set up bank accounts,
  - b. providing job opportunities to the family,
  - c. providing basics such as clothes and food to vulnerable families,
  - d. educating the family;
8. Urges member states and relevant organizations such as Human Rights Watch, United Nations Human Rights Council, and United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) to raise awareness of the public regarding violation of Child Rights in countries with high rates of child marriage in ways such as but not limited to:
  - a. launching awareness campaigns that pronounce the current condition of human rights in countries with high child marriage rates in such means, but not limited to:
    - i. Television and radio.

Jiyo Chang  
Strike clause 7 (Delegate of Ch...)



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- A review of CHEMUN fashion

- The effects of volcanic eruptions

- Fast Fashion

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## Committee Updates!

CHEMUN Associated Press

After a first day of debates, committees are engaged and hurtling towards resolutions and amendment writing.

Delegates are feeling the thrill of success and progress, while others are feeling the frustrations of stagnation and bureaucracy that comes with the collaborative process.



The Human Rights Committee (1) conversed over their topics, looking into possible actions to take in regards to treatment of Uighur Muslims in China and workers' rights. Yesterday they went through a lobbying process, which is basically drafting and grafting resolutions for topics 1, 2 and 3. So for example, topic 1 talks about the state of Uighur Muslims in China, and they had to draft resolutions to tackle that problem. And today, they will be presenting their resolution making speeches and the other delegates will make their speech for/against the resolution, and they will also make the necessary amendments they think should be added,



Similarly, GA3 faced a challenge of the ratification process in that their committee deliberated over lines and amendments too much. "25 delegates in our committee, and it's a really, really talkative committee. Everyone is very into debating clearly. And the amount of resolutions that they make are crazy to the fact that we're not able to keep up with the amount of resolutions. We debated random amendments and resolutions. But we debated a resolution for two hours, and we still weren't able to get all of the amendments done" one delegate commented.



While addressing the topic of Protecting Women in Migration from Human Trafficking, Sexual Slavery, and Sexual Exploitation, UN4MUN struggled in moving forward during their deliberations. A delegate commented "What's happening in UN4MUN... we go line by line, and no one votes, so because if no one speaks, the line passes, we just forget to, we just zone out and then everything is passing. And we have all these bad causes, but we can't go back and fix them because the committee works."





# Screens and Humans

Timeo Mermet

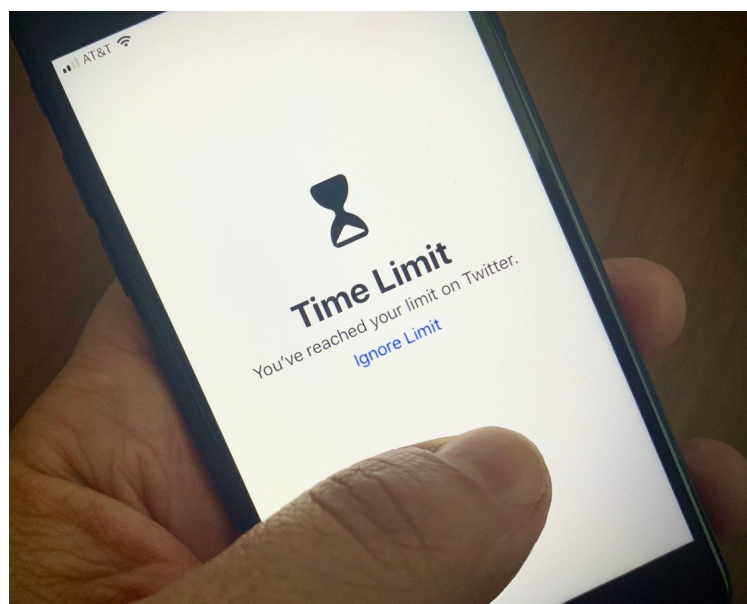
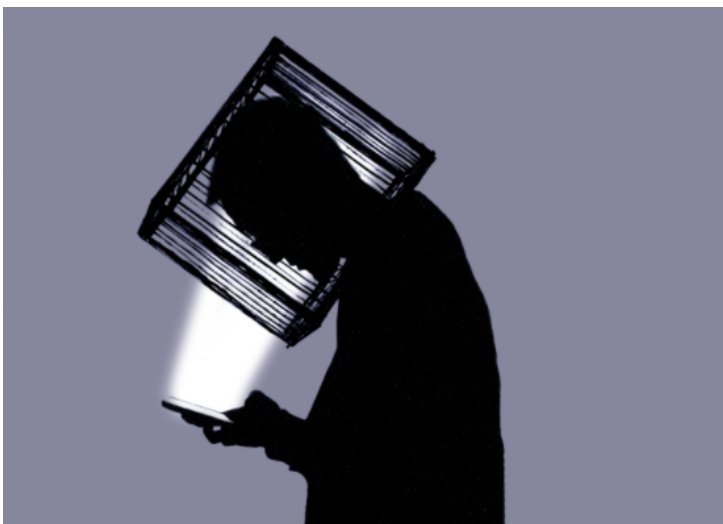
Screens are an important part of everyone's life, and I think we even wonder how much time we spend on our screens and how much time we have “lost” due to this. Indeed, there are different effects, either negative and positive, and we will highlight them in this article.

Screens include for example smartphones, laptops, televisions and all types of devices used to present electronically images, videos, text, etc. With the advancement in technology nowadays, we have access to better electronic devices; since it's a “part” of our future we need to know the effects of the screens on humans.

The screens definitely affect your health.

Sometimes it can lead to obesity if you spend too much doing sedentary activities like playing video games or watching TV; and if you don't do sports activities besides. It can also have an impact on your sleep schedule due to the light emitted interfering with your eyes and brain. In addition to this, it can also lead to a change in behavior, depression, anxiety, violence - depending on what people saw through the screens. Finally, it can create body pain, notably back, shoulder or neck pains, due to the bad posture; in fact how many of you have ever had pain after sitting too much time behind the computer?

However, even if there are negative aspects, positive effects exist. As we are/have been in virtual due to the covid pandemic, we spend much more time as usual on screens; thus the first positive effect is that it has educational value. Moreover, with moderation, playing video games can improve coordination and motor skills; from my personal experience I found that my reflexes have increased thanks to some video games like Call of Duty. Finally with the screens we have easy access to the world so it helps us to socialize and communicate with everybody through social media and video games as principal examples. As we can notice, there are several effects of screens on humans. However, here are some principal tips to limit the time on our screens in order to re-establish our health.



Firstly try to set up time limits and establish free times where you can do sports, board games with your family, hang out with friends, etc. Moreover, you can turn off your notifications when you're studying to not be distracted and so limit constantly watching your phone. Here you go; you can enjoy life more!

## One of These Things isn't Like the Other... A Review of CHEMUN Fashion

CHEMUN Associated Press

One of the challenges of doing anything hybrid is deciding what to wear. Sure, you need to look professional and dress to impress...but no one is really seeing your full outfit, right? So...it's okay to go business on the top and party on the bottom, right? Well, some of our delegates at this year's conference have embraced the flexibility offered by the hybrid set up and show their business suits in the Airmeet box while relaxing in comfort in their chairs.



And who can blame them? Many of us have sat in hot and humid rooms with air conditioning blasting across through only to leak out of the open windows and screened door. We know these are necessary safety measures, and we still crave the chill of a closed room. So, we change our dress to help keep the humidity at bay, or at least from our hem lines. This has resulted in wardrobe choices many would never have made for

public appearances pre-pandemic but that all of us accept with the common understanding of personal comfort as a necessity. We wear repeated outfits and comfy clothes day in and day out on Zoom or in our classrooms, searching for a cool and consistent body temperature. While the cool is ever elusive, the constant hot and sweaty remain.

But in our everyday routines this is okay, right? Is it excusable for a formal event? Should we allow ourselves to blur the lines of formality and casualness so much for our own personal pampering?



This is not a criticism by any means - many have experienced the same conflict of appearance versus reality through virtual and hybrid learning over the past 18 months. And who is to say that actual UN Officials haven't done the same when attending a teleconference. It does, however, beg the questions of when is the split fashion style truly appropriate and when is it taking advantage of a circumstance to not meet the mark?

## The Effects of Volcanic Eruptions

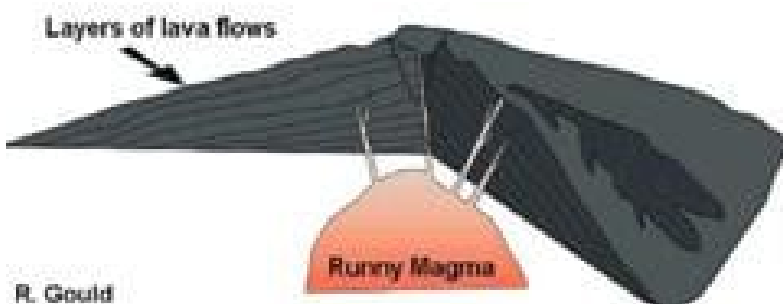
Timeo Mermet

A volcano is a natural phenomenon, more precisely an opening in the earth's crust through which, depending on the type of volcano, lava usually escapes, but also volcanic ash and gases. However, the eruptions definitely have an impact on the environment as well as humans. In this article, we will discuss how a natural event can affect, positively or negatively, its own environment as well as humans.



Eruptions are formed when the magma coming from the depths of the earth arrives in the magma chamber, the more it fills up the more the pressure increases; when the pressure is too big the "plug" of the chamber breaks and thus gives place to an eruption. There are two main types of eruptions. Firstly, effusive eruptions which occurred easily due to the hot and runny magma result in quick lava flows. And, explosive eruptions where the magma is cooler and more viscous than effusive, resulting in a difficult escape conducting the gas pressure to increase until it explodes projecting rock and lava fragments in the air, more commonly called *nuée ardente*. But how does this affect the environment and humans?

First of all, the eruptions have an impact on the weather due to the sulfur dioxide cloud which escapes from explosive volcanoes thus causing more frequent rainfall but can also lower the global temperature. In addition to this, the lives of people, animals and plants can be lost due to the fast-moving lava flows or the gases present in the atmosphere can lead to difficulty in breathing; for example the famous eruption of Mount Vesuvius in Pompeii. Moreover, the eruptions destroy everything in their paths such as houses, roads and fields nearby thus resulting in famines, fires or earthquakes. Now, we can limit this due to the improvement in technologies and so we can prevent people living near the volcano to evacuate the zone. However, there are positive aspects about volcanoes notably in the creation of fertile fields thanks to the providing of valuable nutrients for the soil, that's why it's good for agriculture. It can also create geothermal energy due to the heat generated by the hot lava flows. Finally, many people/tourists are attracted by the impressive scenes, \thus becoming an attraction zone.



As we can see, volcanoes have positive and negative effects on the environment and humans, however because it's a natural event we can't mitigate environmental damages but just limitate humans and animals to death or lose their possessions.



# Fast Fashion and its Effects on the Planet

Any Reddy

Fast fashion is a widely known term which describes clothing that is produced rapidly and in high volumes. This method of creating fashion is used to keep up with clothing trends, using cheap and low quality materials so that more people are able to purchase them. Although people see fast fashion as an easy way to access trendy attire, is it really beneficial to us?



As society becomes more progressive and the number of sustainable brands are increasing, there is also more awareness on why fast fashion shouldn't be the go-to destination for clothing. The fast fashion industry essentially involves the production of toxic wastewater,

microfibres, greenhouse gases, and toxins that harm the environment as more wildlife and marine life are exposed to these factors. The production of fast fashion is also inhumane because it encourages speedy and long working hours, poor working conditions, and low wages for garment workers in underdeveloped countries. Moreover, the clothing manufactured by the fast fashion industry tends to go out of style within weeks, encouraging people to discard these clothes not too long after they are purchased.



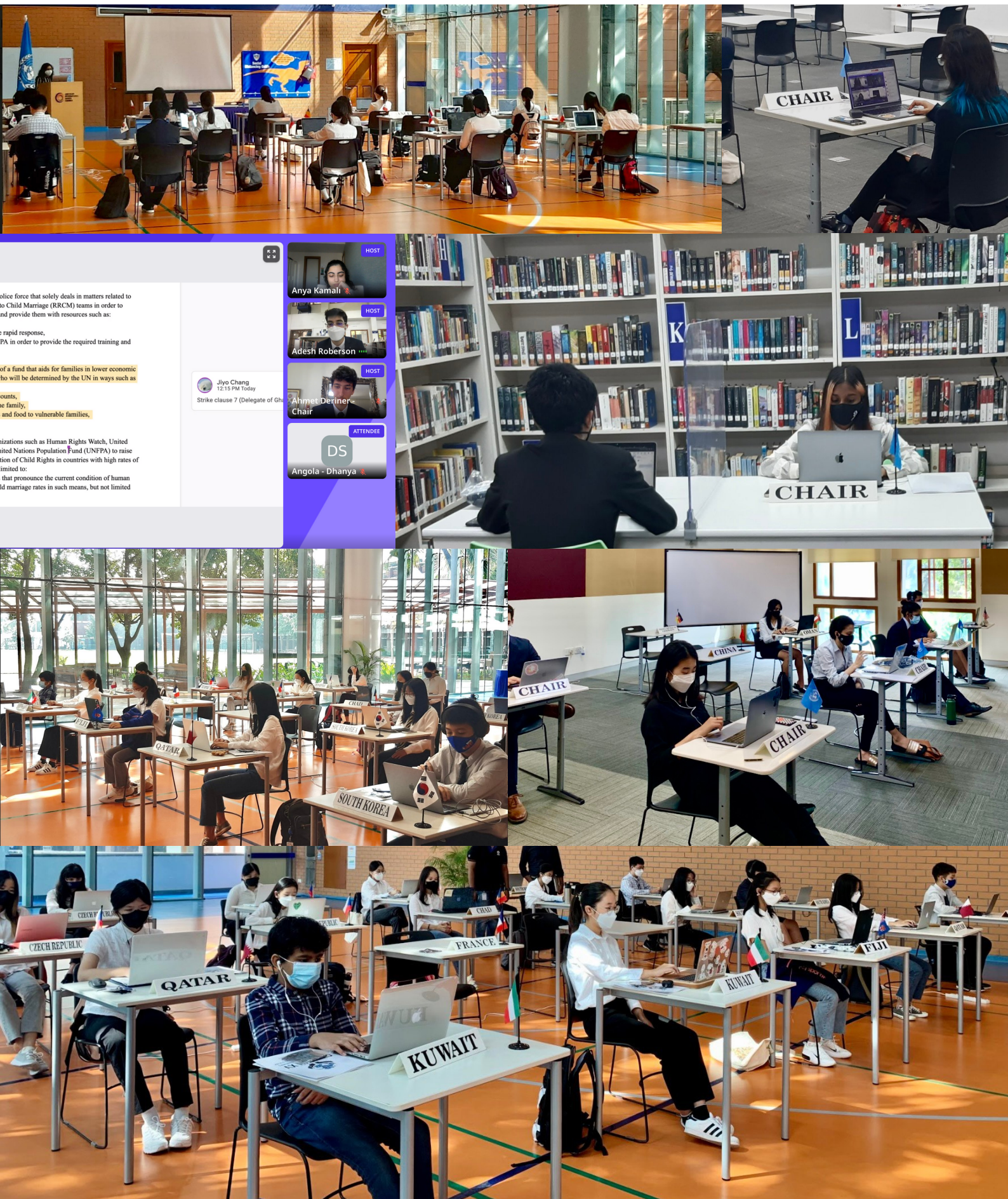
Statistics of fast fashion; according to Good on You:

- “One in three young women, the biggest segment of consumers, consider garments worn once or twice to be old.”
- “The fashion industry is responsible for 8% of carbon emissions, fast fashion greatly contributing to this percentage.”
- “The average American throws away around 81 pounds of clothing per year.”
- “Fast fashion accounts for one third of microplastics found in oceans.”
- “68% of fast fashion brands don't maintain gender equality at production facilities.”



# Picture perfect

Kavya Krishnan & Gaia Mezaib Boti





## Need a Snack? Chocolate Covered Pretzels

Kerala Sovak

The perfect mix of sweet and salty, chocolate covered pretzels are one of my favorite things to snack on. This recipe takes a little longer due to the time it takes the chocolate coating to harden, but it only requires two ingredients and the payoff is absolutely worth the wait.

### Ingredients:

60 Pretzel Twists (You can use any type, but I would recommend the traditional twist shape)

Chocolate (Again, you can use any type, but I would recommend dark chocolate)

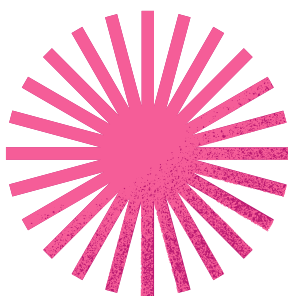


### Instructions:

1. Line a baking tray (or another large, flat dish) with parchment paper and set aside.
2. Chop the chocolate into medium-sized chunks and transfer them into a microwave safe bowl.
3. Heat up the chocolate in the microwave for thirty seconds at a time (stirring after each interval) until it's fully melted.
4. Take the pretzels and carefully dip them in the chocolate one-by-one.
5. Lay the dipped pretzels out on the tray with parchment paper, taking care to separate them.
6. Place the tray with the chocolate-covered pretzels in the fridge and wait for them to harden (about 15 to 20 minutes depending on the temperature of your fridge and the chocolate)



Be sure to wish  
Aalia Sait a Happy  
17th Birthday today!!



Keep an eye open for Issue 4 for more updates on Day 3!!

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